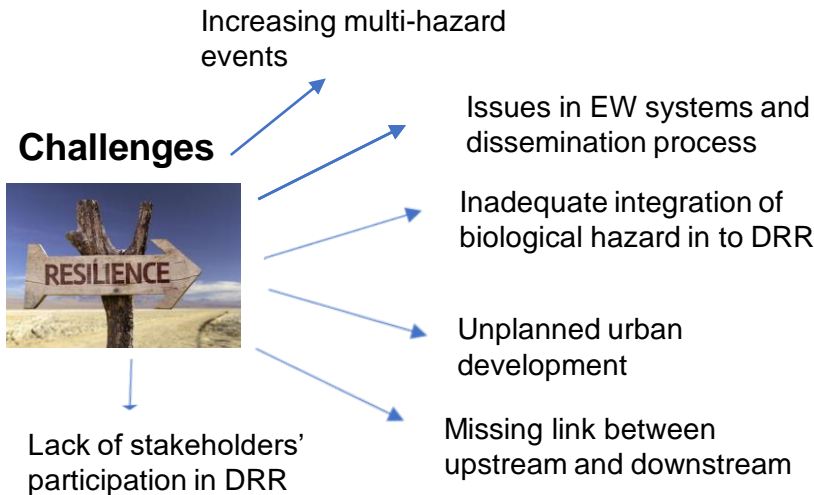


## Background

The Covid-19 pandemic has sparked the need for multi-hazard preparedness and resilient city planning to mitigate cascading impacts of combined hazards in Sri Lanka. This paper presents a variety of core challenges and effective practices examined in Sri Lanka, in the context of covid-19 pandemic preparedness with a special focus on city planning.

## Methodology

Two desk studies were conducted using systematic literature review techniques

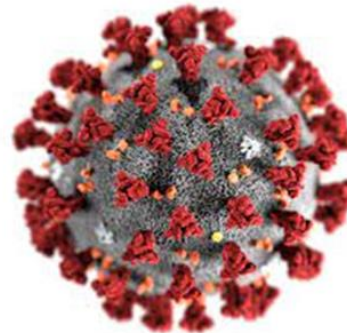


## Aim

To share the experience of two COVID-19 related research projects are being implemented on down streaming multi-hazard early warning and urban planning in Sri Lanka, leading by the Global Disaster Resilience Centre, University of Huddersfield, UK

## Effective practices

- Well established DRR protocol of the country for natural hazards
- Multi-sectoral
- Proactive
- Decentralized
- Resilience thinking approaches



## Suggestions

